



WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Employees -- Know Your Rights!

State of Michigan
Workers' Disability Compensation Agency• **Remember - It is important to report your injury to your employer.**• **Medical Care**

You are entitled to reasonable and necessary medical care for work-related injuries or diseases. Employers or their insurance carriers are required by law to provide these services. During the first 28 days of treatment, your employer has the right to choose the physician. After 28 days you are free to change physicians, but you must notify your employer of the change. If you receive treatment from a physician of your choice, you shall obtain and promptly furnish a report to your employer.

If your employer refuses to provide medical care, you should contact Michigan's Workers' Disability Compensation Agency at its toll-free telephone number: **1-888-396-5041**.

You should not receive a bill from a health care provider for treatment of a covered work-related injury or illness. If you do receive such a bill, you should contact your employer or the employer's insurance carrier.

• **Wage Loss Benefits**

You are entitled to weekly workers' compensation benefits if you suffer a wage loss for more than seven consecutive days. These benefits may be claimed as long as a disability and wage loss continue. Generally, the benefit rate is 80% of your after-tax average weekly wage, subject to a maximum rate.

• **Vocational Rehabilitation**

If you are unable to perform the work that you have done previously, you are entitled to vocational rehabilitation. The number one goal is your return to work with your employer. If you cannot do this or require assistance in finding a new job, vocational rehabilitation services can help.

To be completed by the employer

_____ Employer Name
_____ Employer Contact Person and Telephone Number
_____ Workers' Compensation Insurance Carrier Name

If you have questions, please call the State of Michigan Workers' Disability Compensation Agency **Toll-free 1-888-396-5041**
Additional information is on the agency's website at <http://michigan.gov/wdca>.

EMPLOYER: PLEASE POST THIS NOTICE FOR YOUR EMPLOYEES TO SEE!

WC-PUB-005 (8/19)

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

**Notice To All Employees:
Information about Unemployment Benefits**

This employer is covered by the

MICHIGAN EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACT

Unemployment benefits are payable to qualified and eligible workers of this employer through Michigan's Unemployment Insurance Agency.

File an unemployment claim online

If you become unemployed, you can file your new unemployment claim or reopen an established claim online through the Michigan Web Account Manager (MiWAM) at www.michigan.gov/uia. Click on MiWAM for Workers.

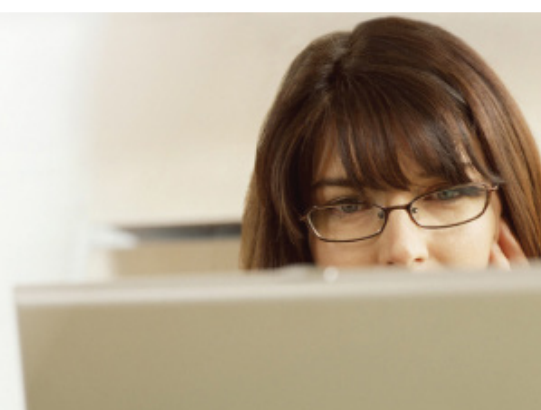
A claim for benefits begins the week it is filed. File your claim the first week you become unemployed.

For complete information about your benefit rights and responsibilities, review the Handbook for Unemployed Workers at michigan.gov/uia.

**STATE OF MICHIGAN
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE AGENCY**

UIA is an equal opportunity employer/program. Auxiliary aids, services and other reasonable accommodations are available upon request to individuals with disabilities.

Michigan Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity
Unemployment Insurance Agency, Authority: Michigan Administrative
Code, Section R 421.105; Paid for with federal funds.

UIA 1710
(Rev. 12-19)

CHILD LABOR LAWS

**STATE OF MICHIGAN
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY
Informational Sheet
Youth Employment Standards Act 90 of 1978, as amended****POSTING REQUIREMENT****MCL 409.110 Minor under 16 years; days and hours of employment.**

Sec. 10. A minor under 16 years shall not be employed in an occupation subject to this act for more than 6 days in 1 week, nor for a period longer than a weekly average of 8 hours per day or 48 hours in 1 week, nor more than 10 hours in 1 day. The minor shall not be employed between the hours of 9 p.m. and 7 a.m. A minor who is a student in school shall not be employed more than a combined school and work week of 48 hours during the period when school is in session.

MCL 409.111 Minor 16 years and over; days and hours of employment; employment in agricultural processing.

Sec. 11. (1) Except as provided in subsection (3), a person shall not employ a minor 16 years of age or older in an occupation subject to this act for more than any of the following periods: (a) Six days in 1 week. (b) An average of 8 hours per day in 1 week. (c) Ten hours in 1 day. (d) Subject to subdivision (e), 48 hours in 1 week. (e) If the minor is a student in school and school is in session, 24 hours in 1 week.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), a person shall not employ a minor 16 years of age or older between 10:30 p.m. and 6 a.m. However, except as provided in subsection (3), a person may employ a minor 16 years of age or older who is a student in school until 11:30 p.m. on any one of the following days: (a) On Fridays and Saturdays. (b) During school vacation periods. (c) During periods when the minor is not regularly enrolled in school.

(3) A person may employ a minor 16 years of age or older in farming operations involved in the production of seed or in agricultural processing for a period greater than the periods described in subsections (1) and (2) if all of the following conditions are met: If a minor is a student in school, the period greater than the periods described in subsections (1) and (2) occurs when school is not in session. (a) The minor is employed for not more than 11 hours in 1 day. (b) The minor is employed for not more than 62 hours in any week. However, the employer shall not require the minor to work more than 48 hours during any week without the consent of the minor. (c) The minor is not employed between 2 a.m. and 5:30 a.m. (d) The agricultural processing employer maintains on file a written acknowledgment of the minor's parent or guardian consenting to the period of employment authorized under this subsection.

(4) As used in this section: (a) "Agricultural processing" means the cleaning, sorting or packaging of fruits or vegetables. (b) "Farming operations involved in the production of seed"

means farming activities and research involved in the production of seed, including plant detasseling, hand-pollination, roguing, or hoeing, and any other similar farming activity required for commercial seed production.

History: Am. 1978, Act 90, Eff. June 1, 1978 -- Am. 1995, Act 251, Eff. Mar. 28, 1996 -- Am. 1996, Act 499, Imd. Eff. Jan. 9, 1997 -- Am. 2000, Act 418, Imd. Eff. Jan. 8, 2001 -- Am. 2011, Act 197, Imd. Eff. Oct. 18, 2011

MCL 409.112 Meal and rest period.

Sec. 12. A minor shall not be employed for more than 5 hours continuously without an interval of at least 30 minutes for a meal and rest period. An interval of less than 30 minutes shall not be considered to interrupt a continuous period of work.

MCL 409.112a Prohibition of minors working alone in occupation involving a cash transaction after sunset or 8 p.m. at fixed location.

Sec. 12a. A minor who would otherwise be permitted under this act to be employed in an occupation subject to this act shall not be employed in an occupation that involves a cash transaction subject to this act after sunset or 8 p.m., whichever is earlier, at a fixed location unless an employer or other employee 18 years of age or older is present at the fixed location during those hours.

History: Add. 1980, Act 436, Eff. Mar. 31, 1981.

IMPORTANT: Administrative Rule, R408.6207 REQUIRES A MINOR SUBJECT TO ACT 90 BE SUPERVISED BY THE EMPLOYER OR ANOTHER EMPLOYEE 18 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER

LEO is an equal opportunity employer/program.

Auxiliary aids, services and other reasonable accommodations are available, upon request, to individuals with disabilities.

WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION

P.O. Box 30476 • Lansing, Michigan 48909-7976

OVERNIGHT MAIL ADDRESS: 2407 N. GRAND RIVER • LANSING, MICHIGAN 48906

Toll Free: 1-855-4MI-WAGE (1-855-464-9243 • (517) 284-7800 • FAX (517) 763-0110

www.michigan.gov/wagehour

WHD-9919 08/21

SUSAN CORBIN
DIRECTORGRETCHEN WHITMER
GOVERNOR

MIOSHA Complaint Hotline	1-800-866-4674
Fatality Hotline	1-800-858-0397
MIOSHA Injuries/Illnesses Reporting	1-844-464-6742
Consultation and Training Assistance	1-517-284-7720

The Michigan Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity (LEO) is an equal opportunity employers/program.



MIOSHA/CET 2010 (06/21)

RIGHT TO KNOW LAW

This Workplace Covered by the
Michigan Right To Know Law

Employers must make available for employees in a readily accessible manner, Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for those hazardous chemicals in their workplace.

Employees cannot be discharged or discriminated against for exercising their rights including the request for information on hazardous chemicals.

Employees must be notified and given direction (by employer posting) for locating Safety Data Sheets and the receipt of new or revised SDS(s).

When the employer has not provided a SDS, employees may request assistance in obtaining SDS from the:

Michigan Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity (LEO)/Michigan Occupational Safety and Health Administration General Industry Safety and Health Division
(517) 284-7750 Construction Safety and Health Division and Asbestos Licensing (517) 284-7680
www.michigan.gov/miosha

MIOSHA/CET #2105 (Rev. 12/19)

As Required by the Michigan Right To Know Law

TO BE POSTED THROUGHOUT THE WORKPLACE NEXT TO THE SAFETY DATA SHEETS (SDS) LOCATION POSTERS

New or Revised	Receipt Date	Posting Date	Locations of New or Revised SDS
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Michigan Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity (LEO)
Michigan Occupational Safety and Health Administration
Consultation Education and Training Division
(517) 284-7720

Paid in part with
Federal OSHA Funds.
MIOSHA/CET #2106 (Revised 12/19)
LEO is an equal opportunity employer/program.

For further information,
visit our website at:
www.michigan.gov/miosha



WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTION ACT

ATTENTION EMPLOYEES

The Michigan Whistleblowers' Protection Act (469 P.A. 1980) creates certain protections and obligations for employees and employers under Michigan law.

PROTECTIONS: It is illegal for employers in Michigan to discharge, threaten or otherwise discriminate against you regarding your compensation, terms, conditions, location or privileges of employment because you or a person acting on your behalf reports or is about to report a violation or a suspected violation of federal, state or local laws, rules or regulations to a public body. It is illegal for employers in Michigan to discharge, threaten or otherwise discriminate against you regarding your compensation, terms, conditions, location or privileges of employment because you take part in a public hearing, investigation, inquiry or court action.

OBLIGATIONS: The Act does not diminish or impair either your rights or the rights of your employer under any collective bargaining agreement. The Act does not require your employer to compensate you for your participation in a public hearing, investigation, inquiry,

or court action. The Act does not protect you from disciplinary action if you make a report to a public body that you know is false.

ENFORCEMENT: If you believe that your employer has violated this Act you may bring civil action in circuit court within 90 days of the alleged violation of the Act.

PENALTIES: Persons found in violation of this Act may be subject to a civil fine of up to \$500.00. If your employer has violated this Act the court can order your reinstatement, the payment of back wages, full reinstatement of fringe benefits and seniority rights, actual damages, or any combination of these remedies. The court may also award all or a portion of the costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney fees and witness fees to the complainant if the court believes such an award is appropriate.

This poster is provided as a courtesy of the Michigan Occupational Safety and Health Administration (MIOSHA). MIOSHA does not enforce the Michigan Whistleblowers' Protection Act (469 P.A. 1980).
Visit our website at www.michigan.gov/miosha for additional information.

MICHIGAN MINIMUM WAGE

Michigan Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity
Wage and Hour Division
PO Box 30476, Lansing, MI 48909-7976
**REQUIRED POSTER
GENERAL REQUIREMENTS - MINIMUM WAGE AND OVERTIME**

SUSAN CORBIN
DIRECTOR

Coverage

The Improved Workforce Opportunity Wage Act (IWOWA), Public Act 337 of 2018, as amended, covers employers who employ 2 or more employees 16 years of age and older.

Minimum Hourly Wage Rate				
Effective Date	Minimum Hourly Wage Rate	Tipped Employee		85%** Rate
		Minimum Hourly Rate	Reported Average Hourly Tips	
January 1, 2023	\$10.10*	\$3.84	\$6.26	\$8.59
January 1, 2024	\$10.33*	\$3.93	\$6.40	\$8.78
January 1, 2025	\$10.56*	\$4.01	\$6.55	\$8.98

*An increase in the minimum hourly wage rate as prescribed in subsection (1) does not take effect if the unemployment rate for this state, as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor, is 8.5% or greater for the calendar year preceding the calendar year of the prescribed increase. An increase in the minimum hourly wage rate as prescribed in subsection (1) that does not take effect pursuant to this subsection takes effect in the first calendar year following a calendar year for which the unemployment rate for this state, as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor, is less than 8.5%.

► **Minors 16-17 years of age may be paid 85% of the minimum hourly wage rate.

Training Wage - A training wage of \$4.25 per hour may be paid to employees 16 to 19 years of age for the first 90 days of employment.

Overtime - Employees covered by the IWOWA must be paid 1-1/2 times their regular rate of pay for hours worked over 40 in a workweek. The following are exempt from overtime requirements: employees exempt from the minimum wage provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, 29 USC 201 to 219 (except certain domestic service employees), professional, administrative, or executive employees; elected officials and political appointees; employees of amusement and recreational establishments operating less than 7 months of the year; agricultural employees, and any employee not subject to the minimum wage provisions of the act.

Compensatory Time - If an employer meets certain conditions, employees may agree to receive compensatory time of 1-1/2 hours for each hour of overtime worked. The agreement must be voluntary, in writing, and obtained before the compensatory time is earned. All compensatory time earned must be paid to an employee. Accrued compensatory time may not exceed 240 hours. Employees must keep a record of compensatory time earned and paid. Contact the Wage and Hour Division for information on the conditions an employer must meet in order to offer compensatory time off in lieu of overtime compensation.

Equal Pay - An employer shall not discriminate on the basis of sex by paying employees a rate which is less than the rate paid to employees of the opposite sex for equal work on jobs requiring equal skill, effort, and responsibility performed under similar working conditions - except where payment is pursuant to a seniority system, merit system or system measuring earnings on the basis of quantity or quality of production or a differential other than sex.

Enforcement - An employee may either file civil action for recovery of unpaid minimum wages or overtime, or they may file a complaint with the Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity. The department may investigate a complaint and file civil action to collect unpaid wages or overtime due the employee and all employees of an establishment. Recovery under this act can include unpaid minimum wages or overtime, plus an equal additional amount as liquidated damages, costs, and reasonable attorney fees. A civil fine of \$1,000 can be assessed to an employer who does not pay minimum wage or overtime.

LEO is an equal opportunity employer/program.

Auxiliary aids, services and other reasonable accommodations are available, upon request, to individuals with disabilities.
www.michigan.gov/wagehour • Toll Free: 1-855-4MI-WAGE (1-855-464-9243)

WHD 9904 (Revised - 12/2023)

PAID MEDICAL LEAVE ACT

Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs
Wage and Hour Division
PO Box 30476, Lansing, MI 48909-7976

**REQUIRED POSTER
GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PAID MEDICAL LEAVE ACT***SUSAN CORBIN
DIRECTOR

Coverage - The Paid Medical Leave Act, 2018 Public Act 338, as amended by 2018 Public Act 369, effective March 29, 2019, covers employers who employ 50 or more individuals. The act covers individuals engaged in service to an employer in the business of the employer and from whom an employer is required to withhold for federal income tax purposes. An eligible employee does not include executive, administrative, and professional overtime exempt employees, employees covered by a private collective bargaining agreement that is in effect, employees of the United States government, another state, or a political subdivision of another state, individuals whose primary work location is not in this state, individuals 16-19 years of age being paid the youth training wage in accordance with the Improved Workforce Opportunity Wage Act, temporary employees as described in the Michigan Employment Security Act, variable hour employees as defined by 26 CFR 54.4980H-1, employees covered by the Railway Labor Act and Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, individuals employed by an employer for 25 weeks or fewer in a calendar year for a job scheduled for 25 weeks or fewer, individuals who worked, on average, fewer than 25 hours per week during the immediately preceding calendar year.(See section 2 of The Paid Medical Leave Act, 2018 Public Act 338.)

Paid Medical Leave Accrual - Paid medical leave accrual begins on March 29, 2019, or upon commencement of the employee's employment, whichever is later. Paid medical leave is accrued at a rate of 1 hour for every 35 actual hours worked; however, an employer is not required to allow accrual of over 1 hour in a calendar week or more than 40 hours in a benefit year. A benefit year is any consecutive 12-month period used by an employer to calculate an eligible employee's benefits. Employees can carry over up to 40 hours of unused accrued paid medical leave from one benefit year to the next; however, employers are not required to allow employees to use more than 40 hours in a single benefit year. An employer may provide the total amount of paid medical leave all at once by providing at least 40 hours at the beginning of the benefit year or on the date that the individual becomes eligible during the benefit year on a prorated basis. If an employer adopts this practice, it does not have to permit employees to carry over unused leave to the next benefit year. (See section 3 of the Paid Medical Leave Act, 2018 Public Act 338.)

Paid Medical Leave Usage - An employee may use paid medical leave as it is accrued except an employer may require an employee to wait until the 90th calendar day after commencing employment before using accrued paid medical leave. Paid medical leave must be used in 1-hour increments unless the employer has a different increment policy set forth in an employee handbook or other employee benefit document. Employees must follow the employer's usual and customary notice, procedural, and documentation requirements for requesting leave. The employee must be allowed at least 3 days to provide documentation. Employees may take paid medical leave for any of the following:

- Physical or mental illness, injury, or health condition of the employee or his or her family member
- Medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of the employee or employee's family member
- Preventative care of the employee or his or her family member
- Closure of the employee's primary workplace by order of a public official due to a public health emergency
- The care of his or her child whose school or place of care has been closed by order of a public official due to a public health emergency
- The employee's or his or her family member's exposure to a communicable disease that would jeopardize the health of others as determined by health authorities or a health care provider

For domestic violence and sexual assault situations, employees may use paid medical leave for any of the following:

- Medical care or psychological or other counseling
- Receiving services from a victim services organization
- Relocation and obtaining legal services
- Participation in civil or criminal proceedings related to or resulting from the domestic violence or sexual assault

Employee Rights - An employee may file a complaint with the Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity (LEO) within 6 months of the alleged violation. LEO shall investigate a complaint and attempt mediation, where appropriate.

Penalties - If informal resolution is unsuccessful and a violation found, payment of paid medical leave improperly withheld will be requested and penalties may be imposed. An employer who fails to provide paid medical leave is subject to an administrative fine of not more than \$1,000.00. An employer who willingly violates the posting requirement is subject to an administrative fine of not more than \$100.00 for each separate violation.

*For precise language of the statute, see Public Act 338 of 2018, as amended

LEO is an equal opportunity employer/program.

Auxiliary aids, services and other reasonable accommodations are available, upon request, to individuals with disabilities.
www.michigan.gov/wagehour • Toll Free: 1-855-4MI-WAGE (1-855-464-9243)

WHD 9911 (Revised - 8/2021)