\star \star \star \star \star \star LABOR LAW POSTER \star \star \star \star \star

Please post in a conspicuous place. Date Posted: Labor laws change frequently. Contact your distributor to ensure that you are in full compliance with required State and Federal posting requirements at least once a year. © LaborLawCenter LLC. All rights reserved.

OFLA - OREGON FAMILY LEAVE ACT

You can take time off for pregnancy disability, bereavement or to provide home care for your child under the Oregon Family Leave Act (OFLA).

> This time is protected, but often unpaid unless you have vacation, sick, or other paid leave available. However, while on OFLA leave, your employer must let you use any vacation, sick, or other paid leave you have accrued. OFLA leaves are separate from Paid Leave Oregon benefits. ▶ OFLA applies to employers with 25 or more employees.

To be eligible, you must have worked an average of 25 hours per week for 180 days. A separation from employment or removal from the schedule for up to 180 days does not count against eligibility. (During a public health emergency, eligibility starts at just 30 days working 25 or more hours

You can take up to a total of 12 weeks of time off per year for any of these reasons.

» Providing care to your child related to an illness, » Bereavement (up to up to two weeks) for injury or conditions that requires home care or the death of an individual related by blood

when your child's school or child care provider is or affinity. closed as a result of a public health emergency. » Through 2024, you can also take up to two additional weeks for the legal process required for foster child placement

or adoption

» Pregnancy disability leave In addition to leave for the other reasons listed here, you can take up to 12 additional weeks of time off per year for pregnancy disability before or after the birth of child or for prenatal care.



Your employer must keep giving you the same health insurance benefits as when you are working. When you come back you must be returned to your former job or a similar position if your old job no longer exists. Military family leave (up to 14 days) is also available if your spouse is a service member who has been called to active duty or is on leave from active duty.

CONTACT US

If your employer isn't following the law or something feels wrong, give us a call. The Bureau of Labor and Industries is here to enforce these laws and protect you.

Call: 971-245-3844 Email: BOLI_help@boli.oregon.gov Web: oregon.gov/boli Se habla español.





Metro Area rate. If you work OUTSIDE the

bit.ly/metroboundary

urban growth boundary, you should make the

Standard rate. Look up your work address here:

OREGON MINIMUM WAGE

You must be paid at least minimum wage. The rate depends on where you work.

\$14.70 per hour

Benton, Clatsop, Columbia, Deschutes, Hood River, Jackson, Josephine, Lane, Lincoln, Linn, Marion, Polk, Tillamook, Wasco, Yamhill, parts of

★ Clackamas, Multnomah, & Washington

\$15.95 per hour **Portland Metro Area**

★ Clackamas, Multnomah, & Washington

\$13.70 per hour

Nonurban Counties Baker, Coos, Crook, Curry, Douglas, Gilliam, Grant, Harney, Jefferson, Klamath, Lake, Malheur, Morrow, Sherman, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa, Wheeler

Every worker must be paid at least minimum wage. Few exceptions apply. The minimum wage goes up every year. These rates are in effect from July 1, 2024

to June 30, 2025. The next minimum wage increase is on July 1, 2025. ▶ Using tips to cover minimum wage is illegal in Oregon.

Deductions are allowed if legally required (like taxes) or if you agree in writing and the

deduction is for your benefit. Your paycheck must show this information. If you make close to minimum wage, you may qualify for the Earned Income Tax Credit. Visit eitcoutreach.org

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For Clackamas, Multnomah & Washington

ooundary, you should make the Portland

Metro Area rate. If you work OUTSIDE the

here: bit.lv/metroboundary

urban growth boundary, you should make

the Standard rate. Look up your work address

counties, if you work INSIDE the urban growth

NOTICE TO AGRICULTURAL WORKERS

■ In general, agricultural workers must be paid at least the minimum wage. The rate depends on where you work. There are some limited exceptions to minimum wage for agricultural workers

■ Effective January 1, 2023, agricultural workers also earn overtime for hours worked over 55 in a work week (over 48 in a workweek beginning January 1, 2025).

■ For each 8-hour work shift, you get two 10 minute paid rest breaks (15 minutes if you are under 18) and one 30 minute unpaid meal break free from work responsibilities ■ If you are terminated as a seasonal farmworker, you must be paid immediately (or by noon on the

following day IF the harvest season has ended and you are living in a farmworker labor camp owned by your employer at no cost until wages are paid.) If you guit with less than 48 hours' notice, you must be paid within 48 hours or on the next scheduled payday, whichever is first. ■ Minors under 18 years of age may work in non-hazardous farm jobs outside of school hours. Minors 14

through 17 years of age who operate power driven farm machinery or ride in or on machinery must obtain a certificate of training and the employer must obtain an employment certificate. Employers must obtain a permit to employ minors under the age of 14.

\$13.70 per hour

July 1, 2024 - June 30, 2025

\$14.70 per hour Standard

Benton, Clatsop, Columbia, Deschutes, Hood River, Jackson, Josephine, Lane, Lincoln, Linn, Marion, Polk, Tillamook, Wasco, Yamhill, parts of ★ Clackamas, Multnomah, & Washington

Portland Metro Area

\$15.95 per hour

★ Clackamas, Multnomah, & Washington

Nonurban Counties

Baker, Coos, Crook, Curry, Douglas, Gilliam, Grant, Harney, Jefferson, Klamath, Lake, Malheur, Morrow, Sherman, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa, Wheeler

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Meal Breaks

2

Rest Breaks

2

3

Shift Length

2 hrs or less

2 hrs 1 min

5 hrs 59 min

6 hrs 1 min

10 hrs

13 hrs 59 min

14 hrs

18 hrs

6 hrs

BREAKS & OVERTIME

Your employer is required to give you breaks where you have no work responsibilities. There are specific rules about overtime pay and paychecks. **BREAKS & MEALS**

▶ For each 8 hour work shift you get these breaks free from work responsibilities: » Two 10 minute paid rest breaks (15 minutes if you are under 18)

» One **30** minute unpaid meal break (generally during the two hours after your third hour of work)

▶ You also get reasonable breaks as needed to express milk (and a private space that is not a bathroom to pump) until your child reaches 18 months of age. If your shift is longer or shorter than 8 hours, refer to the chart here or visit oregon.gov/boli/workers/Pages/meals-

<u>and-breaks.aspx</u> for more information. **OVERTIME & PAYCHECKS**

▶ You must receive overtime pay at 1.5 times your regular pay rate for hours you work over 40 in a workweek (or over 55 if you work in agriculture—over 48 beginning January 1, 2025). Exceptions are limited.

▶ Daily overtime also applies in some industries including manufacturing establishments and seafood processing. Special overtime rules also apply to certain work contracted for by government agencies, public works projects, canneries and some hospital employees.

Regular paydays are required by law. You must receive a paycheck at least every 35 days. Your employer must provide you with a detailed paystub.

If you are fired or permanently laid off, you must get your last paycheck by the end of the next business day.

If you quit with at least 48 hours' notice, you must get your last paycheck on your last day of employment. If you do not give 48 hours' notice, you must get your last

paycheck within 5 business days or the next payday, whichever is first.

CONTACT US If your employer isn't following the law or something feels wrong,

give us a call. The Bureau of Labor and Industries is here to enforce these

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WORKPLACE MEETINGS

NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES REGARDING WORKPLACE MEETINGS

Effective January 1, 2010, an employer or an employer's agent, representative or designee may not (c) Because the employee, or a person acting on behalf of the employee, makes a good faith report discharge, discipline or otherwise penalize or threaten to discharge, discipline or otherwise penalize

or take any adverse employment action against an employee: (a) Who declines to attend or participate in an employer-sponsored meeting or communication purpose of the meeting or communication is to communicate the opinion of the employer alleged to have occurred or where the principal office of the employer is located.

about religious or political matters; (b) As a means of requiring an employee to attend a meeting or participate in communications communications about religious or political matters for which attendance or participation is described in paragraph (a) of this subsection; or

orally or in writing, of a violation or a suspected violation of this section. This paragraph does not apply if the employee knows that the report is false. An aggrieved employee may bring a civil action to enforce this section no later than 90 days after with the employer or the agent, representative or designee of the employer if the primary the date of the alleged violation in the circuit court of the judicial district where the violation is

strictly voluntary.

Note: This law does not prohibit an employer from offering meetings, forums or other

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

NOTICE TO EMPLOYERS

RE: UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

Employers with at least a \$225 payroll in a calendar quarter and employers with one or more workers during 18 different weeks in a calendar year. The Employment Department automatically sends this notice after an account is set up or reopened, and employers can order a duplicate if necessary. When ordering a duplicate, employers should have their business

identification number ready when they call. Contact: **Employment Department - Unemployment Insurance Tax Unit** 875 Union Street N.E., Salem, OR 97311 Forms Hotline: 503-947-1488, Option 3

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

NOTICE TO EMPLOYERS

RE: WORKERS' COMPENSATION The Workers' Compensation Division issues this notice after it receives the

"Guaranty Contract" from the insurer. Employers should receive this notice after purchasing workers' compensation insurance. Employers not receiving the notice or requiring a duplicate notice should call the Workers' Compensation Division. Contact:

> **Department of Consumer and Business Services,** 350 Winter Street N.E., Room 21, Salem, OR 97310 503-947-7815

SEXUAL HARASSMENT + DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROTECTIONS

Oregon laws protect your right to work free from harassment. They also require your employer to provide supports if you are a victim of domestic violence.



SEXUAL HARASSMENT

CONTACT US

laws and protect you.

▶ You have the right to a workplace free from harassment, discrimination,

Sexual harassment can look like unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or conduct of a sexual nature (verbal, physical, or visual), that is directed toward an individual. It can also include unwanted sexual conduct that occurs through digital or electronic communications.

Discrimination because of race, color, sex, sexual orientation, national

If your employer isn't following the law or something feels wrong,

give us a call. The Bureau of Labor and Industries is here to enforce these

and sexual assault. Your employer must have a policy to reduce and prevent these violations and make it available to employees within the workplace.

It can also include conduct that is not sexual but is gender-related. Sexual harassment can be targeted toward someone of the same or different sex

origin, religion, marital status, uniformed service, disability, or age is illegal.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROTECTIONS

If you experience domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault, bias crime, or stalking (or if you are a parent or guardian of a victim), your employer must make reasonable changes to support your safety.

▶ These changes might include: a transfer, reassignment, modified schedule, unpaid leave, changed work phone number, changed work station, installed lock, new safety procedure, or other adjustment after threatened or actual events. ▶ You can also take protected leave to find legal or law enforcement assistance, get medical treatment for injuries or mental health support, move or change your living

situation, and more. ▶ Your employer must keep all documents and information confidential. ▶ You can't be fired, suspended, retaliated or discriminated against in any way because you are a victim.

Call: 971-245-3844 Email: BOLI_help@boli.oregon.gov

Web: oregon.gov/boli Se habla español.



OREGON SICK TIME LAW

All Oregon workers get protected sick time. If you work for an employer with 10 or more employees (6 or more if they have a location in Portland), you get paid sick time.

Your employer must give you sick time. You get at least 1 hour of protected sick time for every 30 hours you work up to at least 40 hours a year. You can use sick time for many reasons including if you (or a family member) are sick, injured, experiencing mental illness, or need to visit the doctor. Also

covered; bereavement, parental leave, and leave to care for a child whose school or place of care is closed for a public health emergency. Your employer must pay you your regular wage when you take sick time if they have 10 or more employees (6 or more if they have a location in Portland). Otherwise, your sick time is protected but unpaid. You can start taking protected sick time after you've worked for at least 90 days. Your employer must regularly let you know how much sick time you have earned

EQUAL PAY LAW

Email: BOLI_help@boli.oregon.gov

Call: 971-245-3844

Se habla español.

Web: oregon.gov/boli

Your employer must pay you the same as your coworkers doing similar work.

It's illegal for your employer to pay you less than someone else because of your gender, race, veteran status, disability, age, color, religion, national origin (including language), marital status, sexual orientation, or pay history.

Different pay may be allowed if there is system based on specific factors named in the law including one or more of the following: seniority, merit, a system that measures earnings by quantity or quality of production, workplace location, travel, education, training, or experience.

You're also protected during the hiring process: » Employers cannot ask for your salary/pay history before they make an offer of employment

» Employers cannot screen job applicants based on current or past salary/pay history » Employers cannot determine compensation for a job based on the pay history of a potential new employee (not including internal transfers)

Your employer can't use pay cuts to make your pay equal with other employees.

If you need to, you can file a complaint at oregon.gov/boli. You could get back pay and the pay difference you are owed going forward.

CONTACT US

(At least every three months.)

If your employer isn't following the law or something feels wrong,

give us a call. The Bureau of Labor and Industries is here to enforce these

CONTACT US

laws and protect you.

★ For Clackamas, Multnomah & Washington give us a call. The Bureau of Labor and Industries is here to enforce these counties, if you work INSIDE the urban growth laws and protect you boundary, you should make the Portland

CONTACT US

classification protected by law.

accommodations could include:

Assistance with manual labor

retaliation. Rev. February 2023

A reasonable period of leave; or

If your employer isn't following the law or something feels wrong,

If your employer isn't following the law or something feels wrong,

give us a call. The Bureau of Labor and Industries is here to enforce these

Call: 971-245-3844 Email: BOLI_help@boli.oregon.gov Web: oregon.gov/boli Se habla español.





CAPTIVE AUDIENCES

political matters. This includes meetings or communication regarding joining or not joining a union. ▶ Employers are prohibited from taking adverse action against an employee who has declined to attend a captive audience meeting or made a good faith report of a violation Exceptions apply to employers which are religious or political organizations.

Call: 971-245-3844 Email: BOLI_help@boli.oregon.gov Web: oregon.gov/boli

Email: help@boli.oregon.gov



Se habla español.

Paid Leave Oregon | What you need to know

Paid Leave Oregon serves most employees in Oregon by providing paid leave for the birth, foster care placement, or adoption of a child, a serious illness of yours or a loved one, or if you or your child experience sexual assault, domestic violence, harassment, bias crimes, or stalking.

What benefits are provided through Paid Leave Oregon and who is eligible? Employees in Oregon that have earned at least \$1,000 in their base year may qualify for up to 12 weeks of paid family, medical or safe leave in a benefit year. While on leave, Paid Leave pays employees a percentage of their

wages. Benefit amounts depend on what an employee earned in their base year. See the Paid Leave website for a Who pays for Paid Leave Oregon? Employees and employers contribute to Paid Leave Oregon through payroll taxes. Contributions are calculated as a

percentage of wages and your employer will deduct your portion of the contribution rate from your paycheck. When do I need to tell my employer about taking leave? If your leave is foreseeable, you are required to give notice to your employer at least 30 days before starting paid family, medical or safe leave. If you do not give the required notice, Paid Leave Oregon may reduce your first weekly

How do I apply for Paid Leave? If your employer participates in the state program, you can apply for leave with Paid Leave benefits online at frances.oregon.gov or download a paper application at paidleave.oregon.gov. If The Oregon Employment

Department (OED) denies your benefits, you can appeal the decision.

Learn more about Paid Leave Oregon Web: paidleave.oregon.gov Call: 833-854-0166 Email: paidleave@oregon.gov

WORKPLACE ACCOMMODATIONS NOTICE

is an equal opportunity This includes discrimination because of pregnancy, childbirth and related medical conditions. employer and does not discriminate on the basis of race, religion, color, sex, age, national origin, For this reason, disability, veteran status, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression or any other Deny employment opportunities on the basis of a need for reasonable accommodation.

will make reasonable Take an adverse employment action, discriminate or retaliate because the applicant or employee accommodations for known physical or mental disabilities of an applicant or employee as well as has inquired about, requested or used a reasonable accommodation. known limitations related to pregnancy, childbirth or a related medical condition, such as lactation,

Require an applicant or an employee to accept an accommodation that is unnecessary. unless the accommodation would cause an undue hardship. Among other possibilities, reasonable Require an employee to take family leave or any other leave, if the employer can make reasonable accommodation instead.

contact any one of our supervisors or

in the human resources department.

Employees and job applicants have a right to be free from unlawful discrimination and [Provide multiple ways for employees to reach out with requests or concerns.]

For information and complaints:

NO **SMOKING** OR **VAPING**

WITHIN 10 FEET

Acquisition or modification of equipment or devices;

Modification of work schedules or job assignments.

More frequent or longer break periods or periodic rest;

Under Oregon's Indoor Clean Air Act this business is smoke, aerosol and vapor free (ORS 433.835-870). Smoking, aerosolizing or vaporizing of inhalants is not allowed within 10 feet of building entrances, exits, windows, accessibility ramps and air intake vents.

1-866-621-6107 or http://healthoregon.org/morefreshair

Want to quit smoking? 1-800-QUIT-NOW (800-784-8669) or 1-855-DEJELO-YA (Español)

SMOKEFREE oregon

THE 1-800-922-2689 osha.oregon.gov

FOR MORE INFORMATION, copies of the Oregon Safe Employment Act, specific safety and health

Display this poster where all your workers can see it!

Oregon Administrative Rule 437-001-257(2)(a).

. 541-388-6066 541-686-7562 Eugene

Salem Central Office **503-378-3272**

standards, advice or assistance, call:

. 541-276-9175 Pendleton. 503-229-5910 Portland 503-378-3274

> File a complaint with Oregon

541-776-6030



retaliation rights



phone numbers listed. This free poster is available from Oregon OSHA

— It's the law! —

You have a right to a safe and healthful workplace



Department of

Consumer and **Business Services**

OREGON LAWS rotect You At Work









Religion, Politics & Captive Audiences







PAID LEAVE

If you are eligible for paid leave, your employer can't prevent you from taking it. Your job is protected while you take paid leave if you have worked for your employer for at least 90 consecutive days. You won't lose your pension rights while on leave and your employer must keep giving you the same health benefits as when you are working.

confidential and can only be released with your permission, unless the release is required by law.

What if I have questions about my rights? It is unlawful for your employer to discriminate or retaliate against you because you asked about or claimed paid leave benefits. If your employer isn't following the law, you have the right to bring a civil suit in court or to file a complaint with the Oregon Bureau of Labor & Industries (BOLI). You can file a complaint with BOLI online, via phone Web: www.oregon.gov/boli Call: 971-245-3844

Any health information related to family, medical or safe leave that you choose to share with your employer is

Paid Leave Model Notice Poster EN 12/23

· Deny reasonable accommodation for known limitations, unless the accommodation would

To request an accommodation or to discuss concerns or questions about this notice, please

Alternate format available on request

NO SMOKING NOTICE

OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH PROTECTION

Know your rights > You have the right to notify your employer, Oregon OSHA, or both about workplace hazards. You may ask Oregon OSHA to keep your > You have the right to refuse to perform a hazardous task that would expose you to imminent danger or serious physical harm and there is no reasonable alternative. > You have the right to request an Oregon OSHA inspection if you believe

representative may participate in the inspection.

being retaliated or discriminated against.

- employer. Your employer must post the citations at the workplace. Your employer must correct workplace hazards by the date indicated on the citation, and must certify that these hazards have been reduced or eliminated. > You have the right to your work-related exposure records covered
 - under Oregon OSHA's rules. This includes any OSHA medical records and personal sampling records > You have the right to request your workplace injury and illness log,

there are unsafe or unhealthy conditions in your workplace. You or your

> You have the right to report a work-related injury or illness, without

> You have the right to see Oregon OSHA citations issued to your

known as the "OSHA 300 log" and "OSHA 300A summary." You have the right to know about hazardous substances used in your

You have the right to file a complaint with the Oregon Bureau of Labor

and Industries (BOLI) within one year, or with federal OSHA within 30 days, of discrimination by your employer for making safety and

health complaints or for exercising your rights under the Oregon Safe Employment Act. The Oregon Safe Employment Act of 1973 provides job safety and health protection for workers through the promotion of safe and healthful working conditions throughout the state. The Oregon Occupational Safety and Health Division (Oregon OSHA) of the Department of Consumer and Business Services has the primary responsibility for administering the act. This includes the right to refuse work that would expose you to serious

Oregon OSHA adopts occupational safety and health standards, and its trained safety and health compliance officers conduct workplace inspections to ensure compliance with the Oregon Safe Employment

physical harm or imminent danger.

San Francisco Federal Building

90 7th Street, Suite 2650

San Francisco, CA 94103

Anyone who wants to register a complaint about the administration of the Oregon Safe Employment Act can do so by contacting: **OSHA San Francisco Regional Office**

415-625-2547 Oregon OSHA has a staff of trained safety and health professionals available to work with businesses in all industries to improve workplace safety and health. Consultations and training opportunities are available at no charge to Oregon businesses by calling any of the

Know your whistleblower rights

440-1507 (11/24/COM)

Medford